B.Tech 4th Semester Exam., 2015 akubihar. Grime: 3 hours FIELD MEASUREMENT (Surveying) Full Marks: Instructions: The marks are indicated in the right-hand margin. akubihar.com (ii) There are **NINE** questions in this paper. [iii) Attempt **FIVE** questions in all. (iv) Question No. 1 is compulsory. 1. Answer any seven of the following questions: What is the main principle of surveying? What do you mean by RF? What is the difference between plain akubihar.com akubihar.com scale and diagonal scale? What do you mean by triangulation? Aa) the field book open Why does Je) lengthwise? What do you mean by azimuth? (f) What do you mean by GTS? (g)

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- (h) What are the different types of BM that you know?
- (i) What is the relation between line of collimation and axis of telescope?
- (i) What is a transit theodolite?
- 2. (a) The record of a closed traverse is given below, with two distances missing:

Line	Length (m)	Bearing
AB	100-5	N 30° 30' E
BC	?	S 45° 0' E
CD	75.0	S 40° 30′ W
DE	50.5	S 60° 0′ W
EA	?	N 40° 15′ W

Calculate the lengths of BC and EA.

- (b) Explain closing error and its limitations.
- 3. (a) The following observations were made during the testing of a dumpy level:

Instrument at	Staff reading		
	Α	В	
· A	1.725	2.245	
В	2.145	3.045	

Distance between A and B = 200 mRL of A = 450.000 m

(i) Is the instrument in adjustment?

(ii)	What should be the staff reading on					
` ′	A during the	sec	cond	setu	ip of	the
	instrument					
	collimation to					

- (iii) What should be the RL of B?
- (b) Explain the sources of errors in levelling.
- 4. (a) The following records refer to an operation in colouring reciprocal levelling:

Instrument at	Staff readings on		Remarks
	Α	В	
A	1.155		Distance $AB = 500 \text{ m}$
<i>B</i>	0.985	2.415	RL of $A = 525.500 \text{ m}$

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- (i) the true RL of B;
- (ii) the combined correction for curvature and refraction;
- (iii) the collimation error;
- (iv) whether the line of collimation is inclined upwards or downwards.
- (b) What are the different types of level? Explain.

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Explain the sources of errors in 5. (a) compass.

The following are the observed bearings of the lines of a traverse ABCDEA with a compass in a place where local attraction was suspected:

Line	FB	BB
AB	191° 45′	13°
BC	39° 30′	222° 30′
CD	22* 15'	200* 30'
DE	242° 45′	62* 45'
EA	330° 15′	147* 45'

Find the correct bearings of the lines.

A plan represents an area of 93750 m² and measures 6.00 cm × 6.25 cm. Find akubihar.com the scale of the plot and indicate through a sketch how suitable scale can be constructed to read up to 1 m in the plan.

A line was measured by a 20 m chain which was accurate before starting the day's work. After chaining 900 m, the chain was found to be 6 cm too long. After chaining a total distance of 1575 m, the chain was found to be 14 cm too long. Find the true distance of the line.

Explain the various tape corrections used in chaining/tape.

An old map was plotted to a scale of 40 cm to 1 cm. Over the years, this map has been shrinking, and the line originally 20 cm long is only 19.5 cm long at present. Again the 20 cm chain was 5 cm too long. If the present area of the map measured by planimeter is 125.50 cm², find the true area of the land surveyed.

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What is local attraction? What are the methods of application of correction?



A traverse ABCDA is made in the form of a square taking in clockwise order. If the bearing of AB is 120°30', find the bearing of the order sides.



What do you understand by field book? How many types of field book are used? Explain.



An offset was laid out 5° from its true direction and the scale of map was 20 m to 1 cm. Find the maximum length of offset for the displacement of a point on a paper not to exceed 0.03 cm.

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